

# QUIZ COMPETITION

**To**

**B.A. STUDENTS**

**VENUE: NYRUTHI BLOCK**

**ROOM NO: I**

**Date: 29-02-2020**

**By**

**S. SOMA SEKHAR**

**HOD**

**DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY**

**&**

**TOURISM**

**SRI YN COLLEGE (A)**

**NARSAPUR, W.G. DT. A.P**

The Department of History & Tourism conducted quiz competition to the students of BA on 29<sup>th</sup> Feb- 2020. The students were divided into three groups (A, B and C), and group A was the winner. Prizes were distributed to the winners. 42 students actively participated in the program.

## QUIZ QUESTIONS

1. Gandhar Kingdom of Later Vedic phase was mostly located at which of the following places?

[A] Afghanistan

[B] Rawalpindi and Peshawar districts of Pakistan

[C] Kashmir

[D] Harappa

Ans: B [Rawalpindi and Peshawar districts of Pakistan]

2. Which pillar edict of Asoka is longest of all pillars?

[A] 2nd

[B] 5th

[C] 6th

[D] 7th

Ans: D [7th]

3. Who among the following was commander in chief of Brihadratha?

[A] Agnimitra

[B] Pushyamitra Sunga

[C] Vasumitra

[D] Muladeva

Ans: B [Pushyamitra Sunga]

4. Which among the following was the earliest drama of Kalidasa?

[A] Vikramorvishyam

[B] Malvikagnimitram

[C] Abhijnanshakuntalam

[D] Kumarasambhava

Ans: B [Malvikagnimitram]

5. Gandhara School of art is related to which of the following dynasties?

[A] Shakas

[B] Kushanas

[C] Guptas

[D] Greeks

Ans: B [Kushanas]

6. There is only one Rock Edict in which Asoka talks about taxation. Which among the following is that edict?

[A] Bhabru Inscription

[B] Nigalisagar Pillar Inscription

[C] Rummindei Pillar Inscription

[D] Barabar Cave Inscription

Ans: C [Rummindei Pillar Inscription]

7. Which of the following terms is not associated with a tool tradition of ancient India / World?

[A] Mousterian

[B] Acheulean

[C] Oldowan

[D] Grotian

Ans: D [Grotian]

8. Which of the following ancient Indian sages did not make substantial contribution to the YOGĀCĀRA (Yogachara) philosophical tradition?

[A] Vasubandhu

[B] Dinnaga

[C] Dharmakirti

[D] Nagarjuna

Ans: D [Nagarjuna]

9. With reference to the Harappan seals, which among the following statements is / are correct?

1. Unicorn seals have been found in most Indus towns and cities

2. The seals are engraved with pictures of not only bull, but also elephant, rhino, humpless bull and the tiger

3. Most harappan seals are devoid of an inscription

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

[A] Only 1

[B] Only 1 & 2

[C] Only 2 & 3

[D] Only 1 & 3

Ans: B [Only 1 & 2]

10. The Four Noble Truths are a central theme in the Buddhism. Which among the following statements conform to the Four Noble

Truths?

1. To live is to suffer
2. Origin of suffering is attached to desire
3. Individualism contributes to suffering

Select the correct option from the codes given below:

[A] Only 1 & 2

[B] Only 2 & 3

[C] Only 1 & 3

[D] 1, 2 & 3

**Ans: D [1, 2 & 3]**

11. Which of the following is the oldest record of Kumargupta's reign?

[A] Karandanda inscription

[B] Mandsor inscription

[C] Bilsad inscription

[D] Damodar Copper plate inscriptions

**Ans: C [Bilsad inscription]**

12. Vapi, Tadaga, and Dirghula refer to which of the following during the Gupta period?

[A] Tanks

[B] Canals

[C] Rivers

[D] None of the above

Ans: A [Tanks]

13. Which of the following was called the Minister for Foreign Relations and War during the Harsha's administration?

[A] Simhananda

[B] Avanti

[C] Kuntala

[D] Bhanu

Ans: B [Avanti]

14. The Pala kings were the followers of which of the following religions?

[A] Jainism

[B] Buddhism

[C] Hinduism

[D] Islam

Ans: B [Buddhism]

15. During the reign of which of the following ruler did Hiuen Tsang visited Kashmir?

[A] Kanishka

[B] Ashoka

[C] Pratapaditya

[D] Durlabhavardhana

Ans: D [Durlabhavardhana]

16. Which of the following period is associated with the Avantivarman?

[A] 755 AD to 783 AD

[B] 855 AD to 883 AD

[C] 755 BC to 783 BC

[D] 805 BC to 803 BC

**Ans: B [855 AD to 883 AD]**

17. The Vakatakas were succeeded by which of the following?

[A] Pallavas

[B] Kadambas

[C] Chalukyas

[D] Ikshavakus

**Ans: C [Chalukyas]**

18. During the reign of which of the following kings stotras and stavas came into existence in Buddhism?

[A] Gopala

[B] Sarvajnamitra

[C] Chandrakirti

[D] Santideva

**Ans: B [Sarvajnamitra]**

19. Tantricism puts special emphasis on which of the following?

1. Mantras

2. Bijas

3. Yantras

4. Mudras

## 5. Nayasas

Select the correct option from the codes given below:

[A] Only 1 & 2

[B] Only 2, 4 & 5

[C] Only 1, 2 & 4

[D] 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5

Ans: D [1, 2, 3, 4 & 5]

20. Hiranya refers to which of the following form of tax during early medieval India?

[A] Fine realized for 10 offences committed by the villagers.

[B] A lumpsum assessment in cash upon villages as distinguished from the grain share of the king assessed upon the individual cultivators.

[C] A periodical tax levied primarily upon agricultural land over and above the king's normal share of the grain.

[D] None of the above

Ans: B [A lumpsum assessment in cash upon villages as distinguished from the grain share of the king assessed upon the individual cultivators]

21. Which of the following statements are correct with respect to cloth making during the Gupta period?

1. Silk and wool products and articles made of rare skin were normally used by the rich people.

2. The art of dying and embroidery was highly developed along with silk, wool and cotton industry.



Select the correct option from the codes given below:

[A] Only 1

[B] Only 2

[C] Both 1 & 2

[D] Neither 1 & 2

**Ans: C [Both 1 & 2]**

22. At which of the following places the famous relief scene of Vishnu rescuing the earth from the waters in the form of Nri-Varaha can be found?

[A] Sarnath

[B] Udaigiri

[C] Mathura

[D] Khairigarh

**Ans: B [Udaigiri]**

23. Which of the following were the three kinds of taxes during the Harsha's administration?

1) Bhaga

2) Hiranya

3) Bali

Select the correct option from the codes given below:

[A] Only 1

[B] Only 2

[C] Only 1 & 2

[D] 1, 2 & 3

Ans: D [1, 2 & 3]

24. The Kalabhras ruled in which of the following regions?

[A] Tamil Nadu

[B] Karnataka

[C] Adhra

[D] None of the above

Answer: A [Tamil Nadu]

25. In the early medieval India, which of the following refers to tax levied upon the whole village?

[A] Bhoga

[B] Kara

[C] Hiranya

[D] Pindka

Ans: D [Pindka]

26. Which of the following authors wrote Raghava-Pandaviya?

[A] Padmagupta

[B] Kaviraja

[C] Kumaradas

[D] Sanmitracharita

Ans: B [Kaviraja]

27. Krishna II was succeeded by which of the following kings?

[A] Dantidurga

[B] Krishna II

[C] Indra III

[D] Krishna III

Ans: C [Indra III]

28. Which of the following kings granted villages to well-known Jain scholars?

1) Vijayaditya

2) Vikramaditya

Select the correct option from the codes given below:

[A] Only 1

[B] Only 2

[C] Both 1 & 2

[D] Neither 1 & 2

Ans: C [Both 1 & 2]

29. 'Agraharas' refers to which of the following?

[A] Villagers

[B] Peasants

[C] Rent free brahmadeya villages

[D] Land of the nobility

Ans: C [Rent free brahmadeya villages]

30. Which of the following Pandyan King succeeded Sundara Pandya?

[A] Sundara Pandya II

[B] Prantaka Viranayana

[C] Varagunavarman II

[D] Srimar Srivallabha

Ans: A [Sundara Pandya II]

31. Ghazni was a small principality in

A. Mongolia

B. Turkey

C. Persia

D. Afghanistan

Ans: D [Afghanistan]

32. Who was the author of Kitab-ul-Hind?

A. Abu Said

B. Abul Fazl

C. Firdausi

D. Al-Beruni

Ans: D [Al-Beruni]

33. Who is known as the "slave of a slave"?

A. Muhammad bin Oasim

B. Mahmud of Ghazni

C. Iltutmish

D. Outbuddin Aibak

Ans: C [Iltutmish]

34. Who was the first Sultan of Delhi to issue regular currency and to declare Delhi as the capital of his empire?

- A. Balban
- B. Aram Shah
- C. Nasiruddin Mahmud
- D. Iltutmish

Ans: D [Iltutmish]

35. Who among the following came to India at the instance of Sultan Mahmud of Ghazni?

- A. Al-Masudi
- B. Al-Beruni
- C. Sulaiman
- D. Abdul Haq

Ans: B [Al-Beruni]

36. Which Sultan of Delhi died while playing the chaugan (polo)?

- A. Qutbuddin Aibak
- B. Ghiyasuddin Balban
- C. Shamsuddin Iltutmish
- D. Nasiruddin Mahmud

Ans: A [Qutbuddin Aibak]

37. The most taught medieval Muslim ruler who was well versed in various branches of learning including astronomy, mathematics and medicine was

- A. Sikandar Lodi

B. Iltutmish

C. Muhammad bin Tughlaq

D. Alauddin Khalji

Ans: C [Muhammad bin Tughlaq]

38. The largest standing army of the Delhi Sultanate directly paid by the State was created by

A. Balban

B. Iltutmish

C. Muhammad bin Tughlaq

D. Alauddin Khalji

Ans: D [Alauddin Khalji]

39. Who was the founder leader of 'Muslim Faqirs'?

A. Majnun Shah

B. Dadu Mian

C. Tipu

D. Chirag Ali Shah

Ans: A [Majnun Shah]

40. Which of the following is not correctly matched?

A. Dev Raya II: Sangama

B. Vira Narasimha: Tuluva

C. Venkata II: Aravidu

D. Narsimha: Chalukya

Ans: D [Narsimha: Chalukya]

41. Study of inscription is called:

- A. Archaeology
- B. Numismatic
- C. Epigraphy
- D. Palaeography

Ans: C [Epigraphy]

42. Which of the following is related to Etymology?

- A. Shiksha
- B. Kalpa
- C. Nirukta
- D. Vyakaran

Ans: C [Nirukta]

43. Who wrote Panchatantra?

- A. Kalidas
- B. Vishnu Sharma
- C. Chanakya
- D. Nagarjun

Ans: B [Vishnu Sharma]

44. Which of the following is not a religious text?

- A. Rigveda
- B. Sangam
- C. Upanishad

D. None of the above

Ans: B [Sangam]

45. Kalinga was situated between?

A. Godavari & Krishna

B. Mahanadi & Godavari

C. Mahanadi & Krishna

D. Krishna & Kaveri

Ans: B [Mahanadi & Godavari]

46. What was the capital of Avanti?

A. Gaya

B. Ujjain

C. Satna

D. Vallabhi

Ans: B [Ujjain]

47. Satavahana dynasty originated from?

A. South of Arawali

B. South of Vindhya

C. South of Satpura

D. South of Satmola

Ans: B [South of Vindhya]

48. Which of following Chalcolithic sites comes under Ganges system?

A. Hanumangarh



B. Alamgirpur

C. Ropar

D. Mohenjodaro

Ans: B [Alamgirpur]

49. Which of the following metals was not known during the Indus Valley Civilization?

A. Iron

B. Gold

C. Copper

D. Silver

Ans: A [Iron]

50. Most depicted animal of the Indus Valley Civilization was?

A. Elephant

B. Lion

C. Bull

D. Dog

Ans: C [Bull]

51. How many layers of Mohenjo-daro were found?

A. 6

B. 7

C. 8

D. 9

Ans: B [7]

52. Which of the following literatures is known as Apaurusheya?

- A. Vedas
- B. Brahman
- C. Upanishad
- D. Aranyak

Ans: A [Vedas]

53. Out of 10 Mandals which pair is the latest?

- A. 1 & 2
- B. 5 & 6
- C. 3 & 7
- D. 1 & 10

Ans: D [1 & 10]

54. Which Mandal is on the name of Vishwamitra?

- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 5
- D. 6

Ans: A [3]

55. Which is known as book of Melody?

- A. Rigveda
- B. Samveda
- C. Atharvaveda

D. Yajurveda

Ans: B [Samveda]

56. Which Veda deals with magical hymn or charms of spell?

A. Rigveda

B. Samveda

C. Atharvaveda

D. Yajurveda

Ans: C [Atharvaveda]

57. Economy of Vedic period was based on?

A. Pastureland

B. Agriculture

C. Mining

D. Cotton Cultivation

Ans: A [Pastureland]

58. What is the ancient name of river Satulaj?

A. Askini

B. Vitasta

C. Shutodri

D. Parushni

Ans: C [Shutodri]

59. Who was the master of Gautama Buddha?

A. Alara Kalama

B. Kalidas

C. Viswamitra

D. Vashistha

Ans: A [Alara Kalama]

60. Who was the first nun of Gautama Buddha?

A. Meenakshi

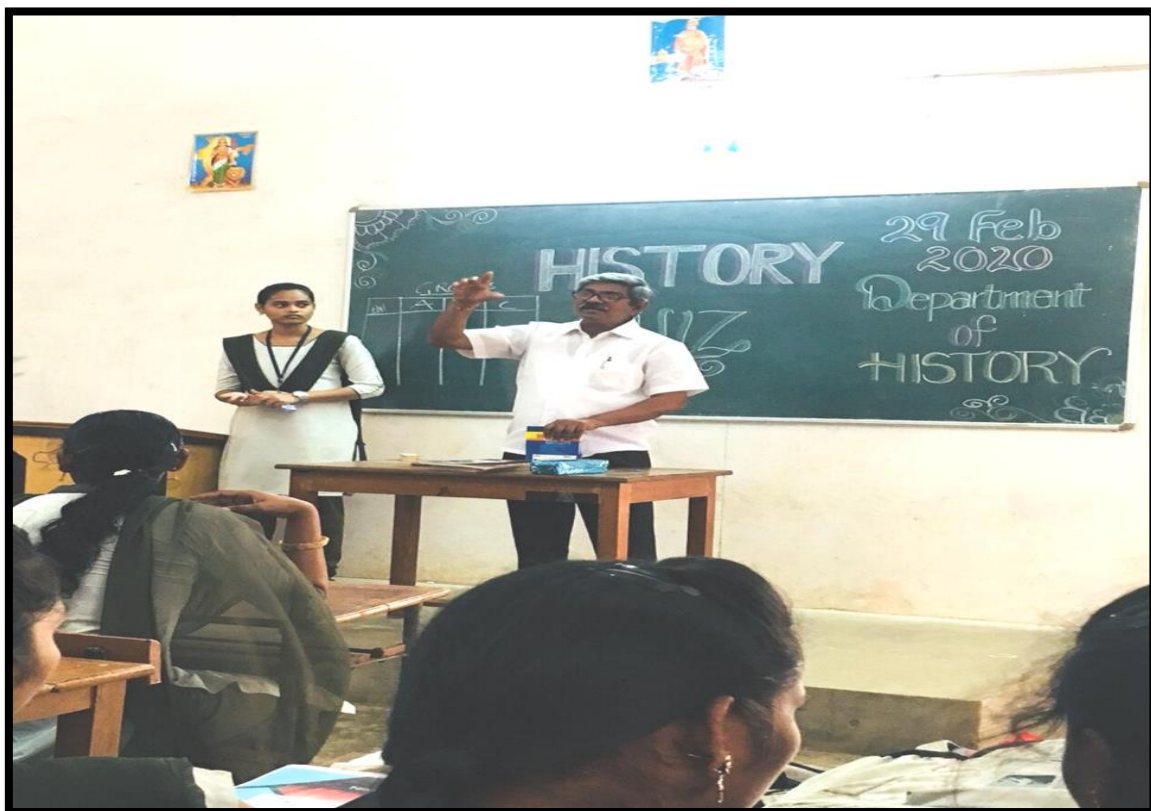
B. Smriti

C. Gautami

D. Gargi

Ans: C [Gautami]

### QUIZ MASTER GIVING INSTRUCTIONS TO THE PARTICIPANTS.



**STUDENTS DISCUSSING THE ANSWER.**



**PARTICIPANTS OF TEAM C**



**PICTURE OF STUDENTS AND SPECTATORS OF THE QUIZ  
PROGRAM**



**AUDIENCE ANSWERING THE QUESTION**

## QUIZ MASTER WITH WINNIG TEAM



### Conclusion:

These set of activities improve students IQ and thinking capacity. Students learn thinking out of the box through these activities. Activity mode of learning increases interest towards subject.

The main motto of the program is to enable the students to improve their knowledge and creativity which leads them to achieve success in their career.

Thank You.