



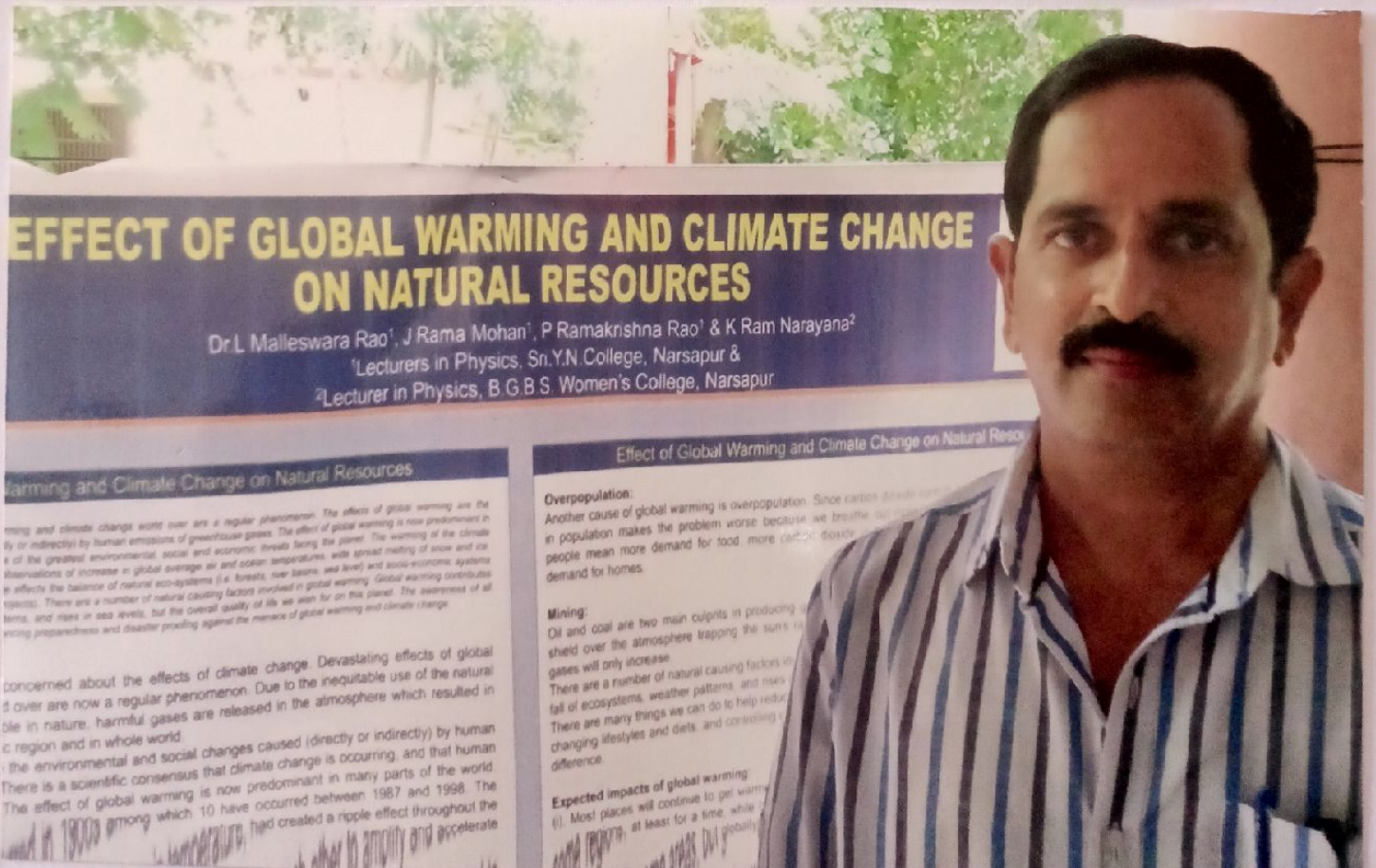
DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS
SRI Y N COLLEGE (A)-NARSAPUR



2016-2017

RECORD OF BEST PRACTICES

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS
EXTENTION ACTIVITIES 2016-2017



EFFECT OF GLOBAL WARMING AND CLIMATE CHANGE ON NATURAL RESOURCES

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Global Warming and Climate Change on Natural Resources

Global warming and climate change were over are a regular phenomenon. The effects of global warming are the (directly or indirectly) by human emissions of greenhouse gases. The effect of global warming is now predominant in the atmosphere. The warming of the climate is of the greatest environmental, social and economic threats being the planet. The warming of the climate is of the greatest environmental, social and economic threats being the planet. The warming of the climate is of the greatest environmental, social and economic threats being the planet.

concerned about the effects of climate change. Devastating effects of global warming are now a regular phenomenon. Due to the inequitable use of the natural resources in nature, harmful gases are released in the atmosphere which resulted in global warming and in whole world.

The environmental and social changes caused (directly or indirectly) by human activities are now a regular phenomenon. There is a scientific consensus that climate change is occurring, and that human activities are now predominant in many parts of the world. The effect of global warming is now predominant in many parts of the world. The effect of global warming is now predominant in many parts of the world.

Effect of Global Warming and Climate Change on Natural Resources

Overpopulation:

Another cause of global warming is overpopulation. Since carbon dioxide is a greenhouse gas, an increase in population makes the problem worse because we breathe out carbon dioxide. More people mean more demand for food, more carbon dioxide, and more demand for homes.

Mining:

Oil and coal are two main outputs in producing greenhouse gases. Shield over the atmosphere trapping the sun's rays. Greenhouse gases will only increase. There are a number of natural causing factors in global warming. There are many things we can do to help reduce global warming: changing lifestyles and diets, and controlling population growth.

Expected impacts of global warming:

(i) Most places will continue to get warmer. (ii) Most places will continue to get warmer. (iii) Most places will continue to get warmer.

Staff attended National Seminar at C R REDDY College (A), Eluru on 05-10-2016

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Natural Resources

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is (directly or indirectly) by human activity is increasing, and that human activity in many parts of the world is increasing. Global warming is now a global warming. Global warming contributes to global warming and climate change.

ated between 1987 and 1998. The global warming is now a global warming. Global warming contributes to global warming and climate change.

h other to amplify and accelerate global warming. Global warming is now a global warming. Global warming contributes to global warming and climate change.

caused more damage than in the past. Global warming is now a global warming. Global warming contributes to global warming and climate change.

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World climate change include increases in sea level rise, the frequency and intensity of extreme weather events, e.g. changes in the sun's output, etc. Global warming is now a global warming. Global warming contributes to global warming and climate change.

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Mining:
Oil and coal are two main culprits in producing greenhouse gases. Methane, like carbon dioxide, creates a thick shield over the atmosphere trapping the sun's rays. With the continued use of mining operations, these harmful gases will only increase.

There are a number of natural causing factors involved in global warming. Global warming contributes to not only the fall of ecosystems, weather patterns, and rises in sea levels, but the overall quality of life we wish for in our world. There are many things we can do to help reduce the amount of energy we consume. Switching to renewable energy, changing lifestyles and diets, and controlling our consumption of non-renewable products, can greatly make a huge difference.

Expected impacts of global warming:

- (i) Most places will continue to get warmer, especially at night and in winter. The warmer winters will be beneficial in some areas, but globally, mortality will rise due to summer heat waves and other effects.
- (ii) Sea levels will continue to rise for many centuries. The last time the planet was 3°C warmer than now, the sea level was roughly 5 meters higher. That submerged coastlines where many millions of people now live.
- (iii) Weather patterns will keep changing, probably toward an intensified water cycle with stronger floods and droughts. Most regions that are now subject to droughts are expected to get even drier because of warming as well as less precipitation, and most wet regions will get wetter. Changes in extreme weather events are hard to predict, but in some regions storms with more intense rainfall are likely to bring worse floods. Mountain glaciers and snowpack will shrink, jeopardizing many water supply systems. Each of these changes has already begun to happen.
- (iv) Ecosystems will be stressed, although some managed agricultural and forestry systems will benefit, at least in the early decades of warming. Uncounted valuable species, especially in the Arctic, mountain areas, and tropical seas, must shift their ranges. Many that cannot will face extinction. A variety of pests and invasive species are expected to spread to warmer regions. Each of these problems has already been observed in numerous places.
- (v) Increased carbon dioxide levels will affect biological systems independent of climate change. Some organisms, as well as some invasive species, will benefit, but many others will be harmed. The oceans will become markedly more acidic, gravely endangering coral reefs, and probably harming fisheries and other systems that are vital to the planet's climate.

Conclusion:
The rapid human-induced global warming and climate change is now a global warming. Global warming contributes to global warming and climate change.



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Effect of Global Warming and Climate Change on Natural Resources

Abstract: Devastating effects of global warming and climate change will soon be a regular phenomenon. The effects of global warming are the inequitable use of the natural resources which are now increasing in many parts of the world. The warming of the atmosphere will cause melting of snow and ice. This will lead to sea level rise and other adverse effects. Global warming is now a global warming. Global warming contributes to global warming and climate change.

Introduction:
The world's population remains concerned about the effects of climate change. Devastating effects of global warming and climate change will soon be a regular phenomenon. The effects of global warming are the inequitable use of the natural resources which are now increasing in many parts of the world. The warming of the atmosphere will cause melting of snow and ice. This will lead to sea level rise and other adverse effects. Global warming is now a global warming. Global warming contributes to global warming and climate change.

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There is a significant consensus that climate change is ongoing, and that human activities are the primary driver. The effect of global warming is now predominant in many parts of the world. Devastating effects of global warming and climate change will soon be a regular phenomenon. The effects of global warming are the inequitable use of the natural resources which are now increasing in many parts of the world. The warming of the atmosphere will cause melting of snow and ice. This will lead to sea level rise and other adverse effects. Global warming is now a global warming. Global warming contributes to global warming and climate change.

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